

1. Suppose the electric field at the plane  $z = 0$  is given by

$$U(x, y, 0) = \exp\left(i2\pi\left(\frac{\beta}{\lambda}\right)y\right) + \exp\left(-i2\pi\left(\frac{\beta}{\lambda}\right)y\right).$$

Do the following:

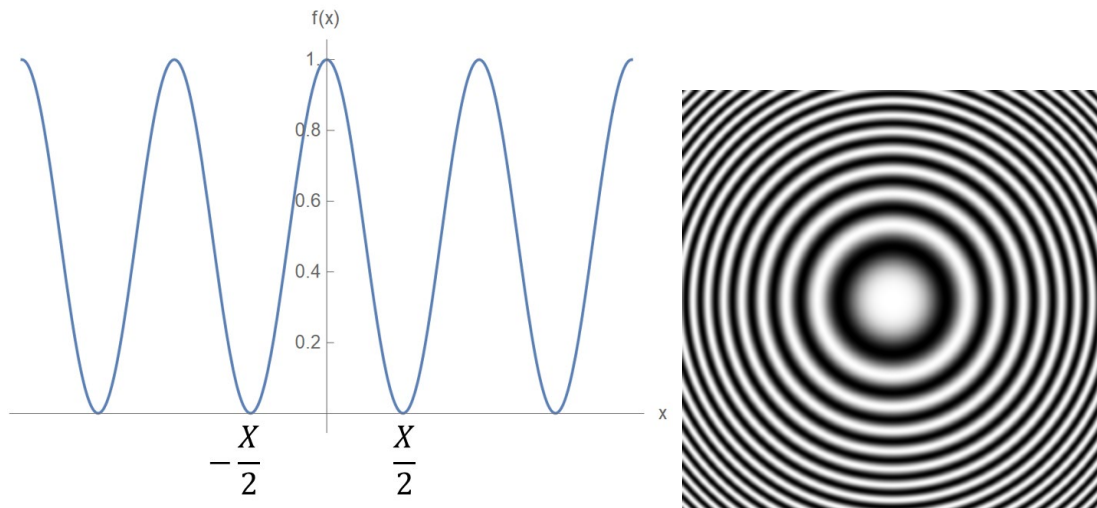
- Calculate the angular spectrum  $A(\xi, \eta; 0)$  of this field.
- Given the approximate Fresnel transfer function

$$H(\xi, \eta) = \exp(ikz)\exp[-i\pi\lambda z(\xi^2 + \eta^2)],$$

calculate the angular spectrum  $A(\xi, \eta; z)$  at a plane some distance  $z$  away.

- Calculate the field on this remote plane  $U(x, y, z)$ .
- Plot the irradiance pattern  $|U(x, y, z)|^2$ . What is the separation between the peaks of the pattern?

2. A Sinusoidal Zone Plate has a periodic pattern  $f(x)$  shown below. The peak transmission of the pattern is 1.0. The amplitude profile of the Sinusoidal Zone Plate is given by  $f(r^2)$ .



- a) Calculate the *complex* Fourier series coefficients  $a_m$  of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi\xi_0 x), \text{ where } \xi_0 = 1/X.$$

- b) What is the diffraction efficiency  $\eta_m$  for the Sinusoidal Zone Plate?  
c) How many diffraction orders have non-zero diffraction efficiency? What are the values of these diffraction efficiencies?

3. A circular pupil of diameter  $D$  is placed against an ideal thin lens with focal length  $f$ .

Calculate the following:

- a) What is the field  $U(x, y, f)$  in the rear focal plane of the lens? Note: you can ignore the size of the lens aperture here.  
b) What is the irradiance  $I(x, y, f)$  in the rear focal plane of the lens?  
c) Plot a radial profile through the irradiance pattern.  
d) For what value of the radial coordinate  $r$  does the 1<sup>st</sup> zero occur in the irradiance pattern?  
e) How does this pattern change if the diameter  $D$  is reduced?

4. Given the function  $f(x) = \text{sinc}(100x)$ , calculate the following:

- a) Write an expression for the sampled version  $f_s(x)$  of this function with sample spacing equal to  $X_s$ .  
b) Calculate  $F_s(\xi) = \mathcal{F}\{f_s(x)\}$ . What is the Nyquist frequency  $N_\xi$ ?  
c) What should the sample spacing  $X_s$  be so that aliasing does not occur?