Problem 1)
$$f(x) = \operatorname{Rect}(x/4) + \operatorname{Tri}(x) \rightarrow F(s) = 4\operatorname{sinc}(4s) + \operatorname{sinc}^2(s).$$

 $g(x) = \operatorname{Rect}(x/2) - 2\operatorname{Tri}(x) \rightarrow G(s) = 2\operatorname{sinc}(2s) - 2\operatorname{sinc}^2(s).$

In the above derivations, we have used the scaling property of Fourier transformation, as well as the fact that the Fourier transform of Rect(x) is sinc(s), while that of Tri(x) is $sinc^2(s)$.