

Problem 5)

$$a) f(x) * \delta(x-x_0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x-x') \delta(x'-x_0) dx' =$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x-x_0-y) \delta(y) dy = f(x-x_0) \quad \checkmark$$

↑
sifting property of $\delta(y)$

↑
change of variable:
 $y = x' - x_0$

$$b) \mathcal{F}\{f(x) * \delta(x-x_0)\} = F(s) \mathcal{F}\{\delta(x-x_0)\} = F(s) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x-x_0) e^{-i2\pi s x} dx$$

$$= F(s) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(y) e^{-i2\pi s(x_0+y)} dy = e^{-i2\pi s x_0} F(s).$$

↑
sifting property of $\delta(y)$.

Inverse Fourier Transforming the above identity, we'll find:

$$f(x) * \delta(x-x_0) = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\{e^{-i2\pi x_0 s} F(s)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-i2\pi x_0 s} F(s) e^{+i2\pi s x} ds$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(s) e^{+i2\pi s(x-x_0)} ds = f(x-x_0) \quad \checkmark$$