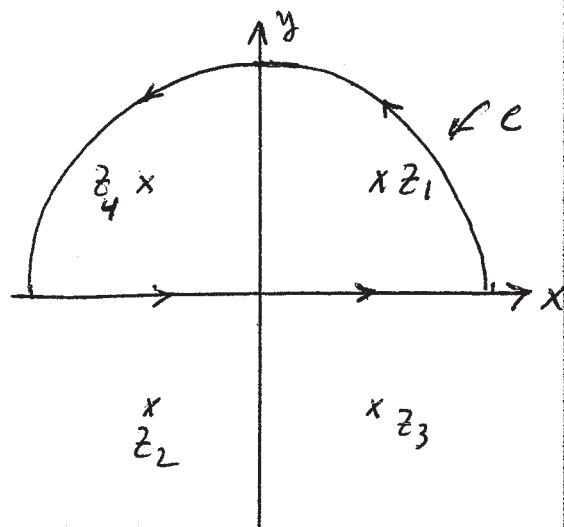


## Problem 15)

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{1+x^4} dx = \oint_C \frac{z^2}{1+z^4} dz$$

$$= \oint_C \frac{z^2}{(z-z_1)(z-z_2)(z-z_3)(z-z_4)}$$



The poles are obtained by solving

$$z^4 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow z^2 = \pm i = e^{\pm i\pi/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \pm e^{\pm i\pi/4} \Rightarrow z_1 = e^{i\pi/4}, z_2 = -e^{i\pi/4}, z_3 = e^{-i\pi/4}, z_4 = -e^{-i\pi/4}$$

The only poles inside the contour  $C$  are  $z_1$  and  $z_4$ . These are first-order poles, so we have:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{1+x^4} dx = 2\pi i (\text{Residue at } z_1 + \text{Residue at } z_4)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi i z_1^2}{(z_1 - z_2)(z_1 - z_3)(z_1 - z_4)} + \frac{2\pi i z_4^2}{(z_4 - z_1)(z_4 - z_2)(z_4 - z_3)}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi i e^{i\pi/2}}{(e^{i\pi/4} + e^{i\pi/4})(e^{i\pi/4} - e^{-i\pi/4})(e^{i\pi/4} + e^{-i\pi/4})}$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi i e^{-i\pi/2}}{(-e^{-i\pi/4} - e^{i\pi/4})(-e^{-i\pi/4} + e^{i\pi/4})(-e^{-i\pi/4} - e^{-i\pi/4})}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi i e^{i\pi/2}}{(2e^{i\pi/4})(2i\sin\pi/4)(2\cos\pi/4)} + \frac{2\pi i e^{-i\pi/2}}{(-2\cos\pi/4)(2i\sin\pi/4)(-2e^{-i\pi/4})}$$

$$= \frac{\pi e^{i\pi/4}}{4\sin\frac{\pi}{4}\cos\frac{\pi}{4}} + \frac{\pi e^{-i\pi/4}}{4\sin\frac{\pi}{4}\cos\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{2\pi\cos\pi/4}{4\sin\frac{\pi}{4}\cos\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{\pi}{2\sin\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \checkmark$$