**Problem 19**) Let the horizontal axis be marked by integers  $1, 2, 3, \cdots$ , which identify the individual sets  $S_1, S_2, S_3, \cdots$ . Let the vertical axis also be marked by integers  $1, 2, 3, \cdots$ , but these indices now identify the individual elements of each and every (countable) set. On the two-dimensional mesh thus created, the point (m, n) represents the  $n^{\text{th}}$  element of the  $m^{\text{th}}$  set. The set of points on this mesh can be counted similarly to those assigned to rational numbers m/n, depicted in figure 1.3. We conclude that the union of  $S_1, S_2, S_3, \cdots$  represents a countable set.