Problem 2.57)

2)
$$\nabla \times H = J_{\text{free}} + \frac{\partial D}{\partial t}$$
,

3) $\nabla \times E = -\frac{\partial B}{\partial t}$,

3)
$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t}$$

4)
$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$$

b) The first and third equations thus form the set of equations for electrostatics, namely,

$$\varepsilon_0 \nabla \cdot \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) = \rho_{\text{free}}(\mathbf{r}) - \nabla \cdot \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{r}),$$
$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) = 0.$$

Similarly, the second and fourth equations form the set of equations for magnetostatics, that is,

$$\nabla \times H(r) = J_{\text{free}}(r),$$

 $\mu_0 \nabla \cdot H(r) = -\nabla \cdot M(r).$

- c) The sources of the electrostatic field E(r) are the free and bound electric charge densities $\rho_{\text{free}}(r)$ and $-\nabla \cdot P(r)$, respectively.
- d) The sources of the magnetostatic field H are the free electric current-density $J_{\rm free}$ and the bound magnetic charge density $-\nabla \cdot \mathbf{M}$.