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Analysis of Radial Shear Interferograms

Wavefront being measured $\Delta W(\rho, \theta) = W_{020}\rho^2 + W_{040}\rho^4 + W_{131}\rho^3 \cos \theta + W_{222}\rho^2 \cos^2 \theta$ Expanded beam can be written $\Delta W(R\rho, \theta) = W_{020}(R\rho)^2 + W_{040}(R\rho)^4 + W_{131}(R\rho)^3 \cos \theta$ $+ W_{222}(R\rho)^2 \cos^2 \theta$ Hence, a bright fringe is obtained whenever $\Delta W(\rho, \theta) - \Delta W(R\rho, \theta) = W_{020}\rho^2(1 - R^2) + W_{040}\rho^4(1 - R^4)$ $+ W_{131}\rho^3(1 - R^3)\cos \theta + W_{222}\rho^2(1 - R^2)\cos^2 \theta$ Same as Twyman- Green if divide each coefficient by(1 - R^n)

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