



Many-particle Effects in the Nonlinear Polarization Rotation in Semiconductor Quantum Well Bragg Structures

D.T. Nguyen, N.H. Kwong, Z.S. Yang, R. Binder

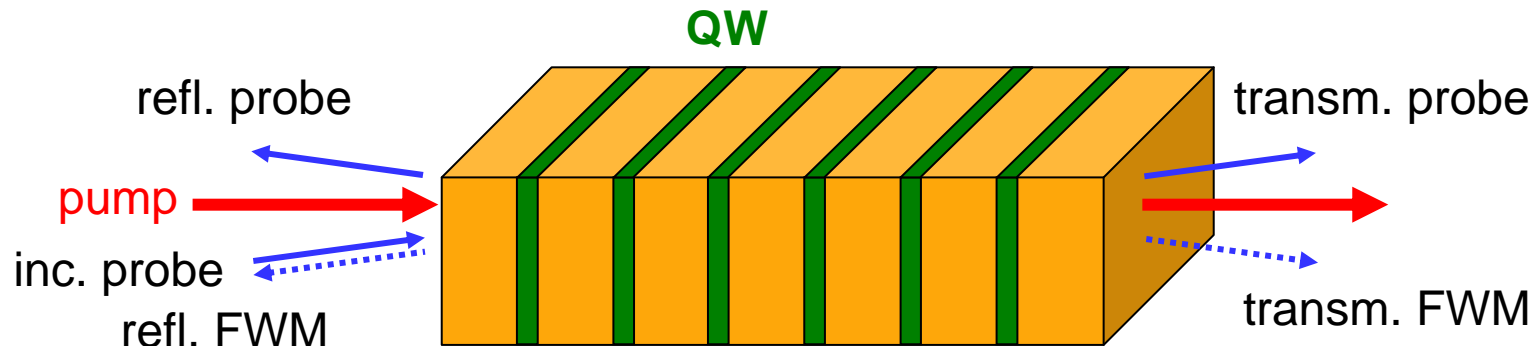
College of Optical Sciences and Department of Physics
The University of Arizona

A. L. Smirl

Laboratory for Photonics and Quantum Electronics
The University of Iowa



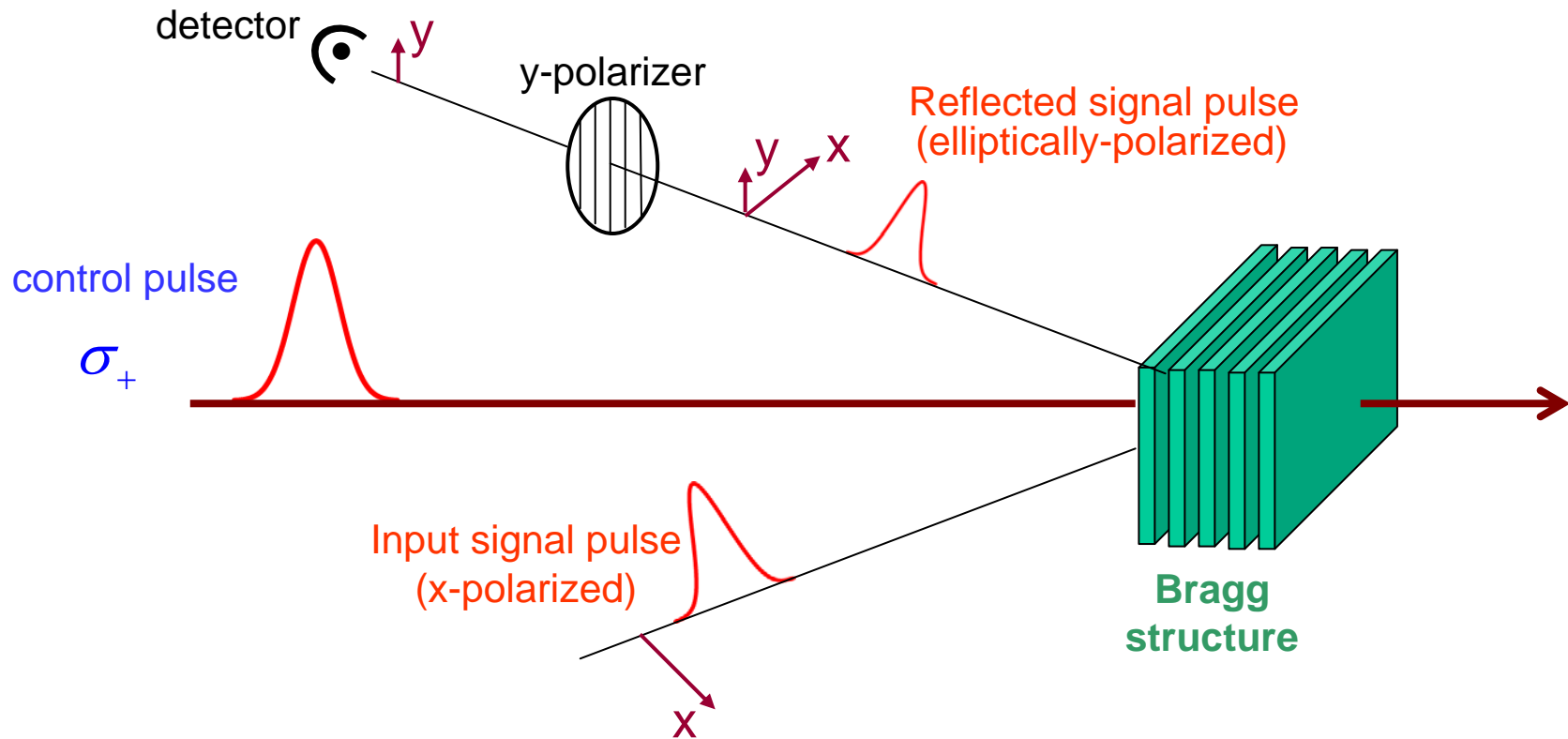
Bragg-spaced multiple quantum wells



One-dimensional resonant photonic bandgap structure



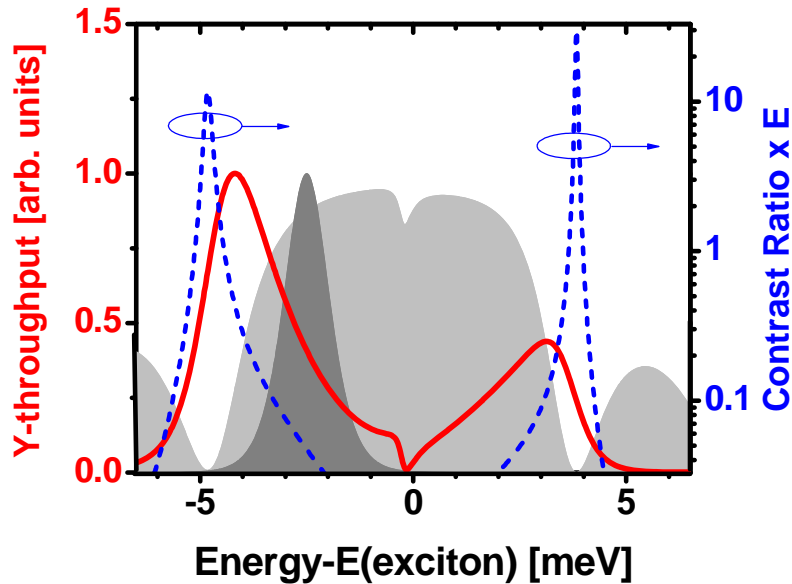
Switch Geometry



All pulses in quasi-normal incidence



Theory (1)



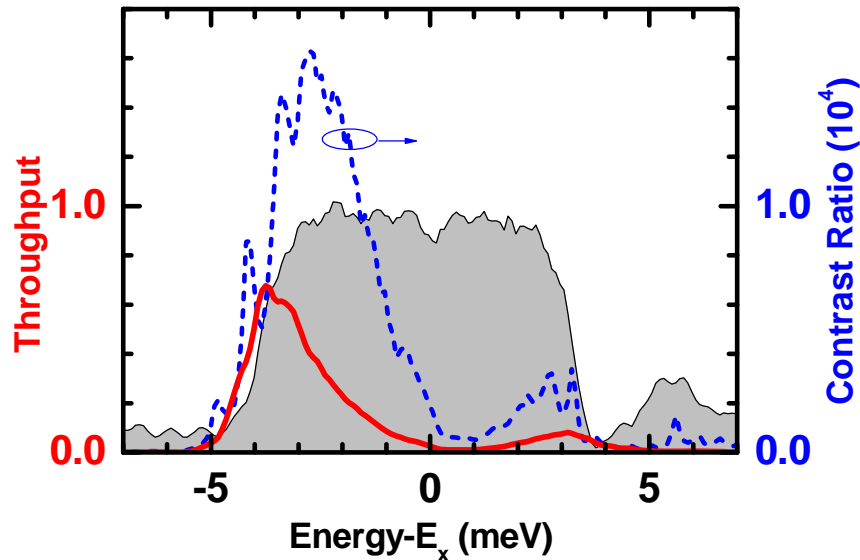
Pump-induced difference in the “+” and “-” signal reflectivities leads to a non-zero y-signal component

E = system leakage fraction
(typically $\sim 10^{-4}$)

- Contrast ratio at lower egde $\sim 10^4$ or 40 dB
- Max. throughput is 12% of input x-signal intensity
- Switching time control-pulse width limited



Experiment (1)



Large throughput and contrast ratio at lower band gap

System leakage may contain frequency dependent rotation from Bragg structure anisotropy

- Contrast ratio > 40 dB
- Max. throughput is 60% of input signal intensity
- Switching time ~ 1 ps (control-pulse width limited)
- Switching energy $\sim 14 \mu\text{J}/\text{cm}^2$
- $T=10\text{K}$